

UK AR6 CDM Validation Report Issue 4 CDM.VAL1893 "Draft/For checking only/The subject of this document can be modified until final edition".

VALIDATION REPORT

Biopar Soluções Ambientais LTDA.

Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT

SGS Climate Change Programme

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Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR - PRO	OGAT
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Summary:

Biopar Soluções Ambientais LTDA has commissioned SGS to perform the validation of the project: Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT.

Methodology used: ACM0001 - Consolidated methodology for landfill gas project activities

Version and Date: version 9, 02/08/2008

The scope of the validation is defined as an independent and objective review of the project design document, the project's baseline study and monitoring plan and other relevant documents. The information in these documents is reviewed against Kyoto Protocol requirements, UNFCCC rules and associated interpretations. SGS has employed a risk-based approach in the validation, focusing on the identification of significant risks for project implementation and the generation of CERs.

The report is based on the findings of document reviews, the stakeholder consultation process and responses from the project participants to the findings raised in this report.

The report and the annexed validation describes a total of 5 findings and 2 forward request which include:

• 4 Corrective Action Requests;

• 1 New Information Request; and 2 Forward Requests.

All findings have been closed out satisfactorily and the project will be recommended to the CDM Executive Board with a request for registration.

At time of the validation, no Letter of Approval from the host country had been provided. The Letter of Approval will be signed when the DNA of Brazil receive and analyse the validation report.

Subject:						
CDM Validation	CDM Validation					
Validation Team:						
Fabian Gonçalves – L						
Thaís Carvalho – Loc	al Assessor (tra	ainee)				
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Abbreviations

ACM	Approved Consolidated Methodology
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CER	Certified Emission Reduction
DNA	Designated National Authority
DOE	Designated Operational Entity
ER	Emissions Reduction
IRR	Internal Rate of Return
NIR	New Information Request
PE	Project emission
PDD	Project design Document
PP	Project Participants
SGS	Société Générale de Surveillance
tCO ₂ /MWh	Tonnes of CO2 equivalent/ Mega Watt hour (unit)
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change



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1. Validation Opinion

SGS United Kingdom Ltd has been contracted by Biopar Soluções Ambientais LTDA. to perform a validation of the project: Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT in Brazil.

The Validation was performed in accordance with the UNFCCC criteria for the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) and host country criteria, as well as criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting.

SGS reviewed of the project design documentation, using a risk based approach and conducted follow-up interviews.

By installing a gas collection system in Ventura Landfill, in order to avoid the emission of methane to the atmosphere and generating electricity using the landfill gas, the project activity will result in reductions of greenhouse gas emissions that are real, measurable and give long-term benefits to the mitigation of climate change.

In our opinion, the project meets all relevant UNFCCC requirements for the CDM and all relevant host country criteria. The project correctly applies methodology ACM0001 version 9. It is demonstrated that the project is not a likely baseline scenario. Emission reductions attributable to the project are hence additional to any that would occur in the absence of the project activity.

The total emission reductions from the project are estimated to be 614,070 t of CO2e over a 7 year crediting period, averaging 87,724 t of CO2e annually. The emission reduction forecast has been checked and it is deemed likely that the stated amount is achieved given the underlying assumptions do not change.

The project will hence be recommended by SGS for registration with the UNFCCC.

Signed on Behalf of the Validation Body by Authorized Signatory

Signature:

Name:

Date:



2. Introduction

2.1 Objective

Biopar Soluções Ambientais LTDA. has commissioned SGS to perform the validation of the project: Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT with regard to the relevant requirements for CDM project activities. The purpose of a validation is to have an independent third party assess the project design. In particular, the project's baseline, the monitoring plan (MP) and the project's compliance with relevant UNFCCC and host country criteria are validated in order to confirm that the project design as documented is sound and reasonable and meets the stated requirements and identified criteria. Validation is seen as necessary to provide assurance to stakeholders of the quality of the project and its intended generation of Certified Emission Reduction (CER). UNFCCC criteria refer to the Kyoto Protocol criteria and the CDM rules and modalities and related decisions by the COP/MOP and the CDM Executive Board.

2.2 Scope

The scope of the validation is defined as an independent and objective review of the project design document, the project's baseline study and monitoring plan and other relevant documents. The information in these documents is reviewed against Kyoto Protocol requirements, UNFCCC rules and associated interpretations. SGS has employed a risk-based approach in the validation, focusing on the identification of significant risks for project implementation and the generation of CERs.

The validation is not meant to provide any consulting towards the Client. However, stated requests for clarifications and/or corrective actions may provide input for improvement of the project design.

2.3 GHG Project Description

The report summarizes the results of the validation of Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT, performed on the basis of UNFCCC criteria. The validation has been performed as a desk review of the project documents presented by BIOPAR Soluções Ambientais Ltda. A site visit was carried out on 16th October 2008 in Venturas' landfill office. During the site visit, Tecipar, Multiambiente, Estre ambiental and ARCADIS-Tetraplan personnel were interviewed.

The project activity involves the improvement of landfill gas collection and flaring, through the installation of an active recovery system in Ventura landfill, located in Santana de Parnaíba, São Paulo state, Brazil. The gas collected will be used to generate energy or will be flared.

Total amount of emission reductions estimated for the first crediting period is 612,070 tCO₂e.

Baseline Scenario:

In the absence of the project activity the methane from the landfill would have been released to the atmosphere.

With-project scenario:

The methane will be collected and used in the electricity generation or will be flared.

Leakage:

As per methodology ACM0001 version 9 no leakage was identified for this project.

Environmental and social impacts:

The project is in line with host-country specific CDM requirements. It is expected that the project activity will help Brazil to fulfil its goals of promoting sustainable development. The contributions of the project activity for this were described in the PDD, and comprises, among others: environmental benefits (the methane will not be released to the atmosphere); social/income benefits and contribution to labour capacitating (training engineers and operators to the qualification level required by these new activities, increase salary).



The environmental aspects of the project were analyzed by the State Environmental Agency (CETESB) when it issued the license.

2.4 The Names and Roles of the Validation Team Members

Name	Role	Affiliate
Fabian Gonçalves	Lead Assessor	Brazil
Thaís Carvalho	Local Assessor (trainee)	Brazil

3. Methodology

3.1 Review of CDM-PDD and Additional Documentation

The validation is performed primarily as a document review of the publicly available project documents. The assessment is performed by trained assessors using a validation protocol.

A site visit is usually required to verify assumptions in the baseline.

The site visit was carried out on 16th October 2008 in Ventura landfill office. The project developers were interviewed by the Lead Assessor and Local Assessor.

The documents and evidences were confirmed on site visit. The results of this local assessment are summarized in Annex 1 to this report.

3.2 Use of the Validation Protocol

The validation protocol used for the assessment is partly based on the templates of the IETA / World Bank Validation and Verification Manual and partly on the experience of SGS with the validation of CDM projects. It serves the following purposes:

- it organises, details and clarifies the requirements the project is expected to meet; and
- it documents both how a particular requirement has been validated and the result of the validation.

The validation protocol consists of several tables. The different columns in these tables are described below.

Checklist Question	Ref ID	Means of verification (MoV)	Comment	Draft and/or Final Conclusion
The various requirements are linked to checklist questions the project should meet.	Lists any references and sources used in the validation process. Full details are provided in the table at the bottom of the checklist.	Explains how conformance with the checklist question is investigated. Examples of means of verification are document review (DR) or interview (I). N/A means not applicable.	The section is used to elaborate and discuss the checklist question and/or the conformance to the question. It is further used to explain the conclusions reached.	This is either acceptable based on evidence provided (Y), or a Corrective Action Request (CAR) due to non-compliance with the checklist question (See below). New Information Request (NIR) is used when the validation team has identified a need for further clarification.

The completed validation protocol for this project is attached as Annex A.1 to this report

3.3 Findings

As an outcome of the validation process, the team can raise different types of findings



In general, where insufficient or inaccurate information is available and clarification or new information is required the Assessor shall raise a **New Information Request (NIR)** specifying what additional information is required.

Where a non-conformance arises the Assessor shall raise a Corrective Action Request (CAR). A CAR

is issued, where:

- I. mistakes have been made with a direct influence on project results;
- II. validation protocol requirements have not been met; or
- III. there is a risk that the project would not be accepted as a CDM project or that emission reductions will not be verified.

The validation process may be halted until this information has been made available to the assessors' satisfaction. Failure to address a NIR may result in a CAR. Information or clarifications provided as a result of an NIR may also lead to a CAR.

Observations may be raised which are for the benefit of future projects and future verification or validation actors. These have no impact upon the completion of the validation or verification activity.

Corrective Action Requests and New Information Requests are raised in the draft validation protocol and detailed in a separate form (Annex A.2). In this form, the Project Developer is given the opportunity to "close" outstanding CARs and respond to NIRs and Observations.

3.4 Internal Quality Control

Following the completion of the assessment process and a recommendation by the Assessment team, all documentation will be forwarded to a Technical Reviewer. The task of the Technical Reviewer is to check that all procedures have been followed and all conclusions are justified. The Technical Reviewer will either accept or reject the recommendation made by the assessment team.

4. Validation Findings

4.1 Participation Requirements

There is no Annex I Party involved at this time of the project activity.

Brazil is listed as the host Party. Brazil ratified the Kyoto Protocol on 23rd August 2002. (http://unfccc.int/files/essential background/kyoto protocol/application/pdf/kpstats.pdf).

At time of the validation, no Letter of Approval from the host country had been provided. The Letter of Approval will be signed when the DNA of Brazil receive and analyse the validation report.

4.2 Project Design

The title "Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT" identifies the unique CDM project activity. The description of the project is considered correct and transparent. The information provided is in compliance with the observed during the site visit. The project is not implemented yet. The equipments were bought but were not received at the time of site visit. It was provided by the PP a list of equipments and some pictures of the equipments (Ref.6).

Brazil is the only Party involved in the project.

The project participant is BIOPAR Soluções Ambientais Ltda., a Brazilian private entity. The project is located in Santana do Parnaíba, São Paulo state.

The category is correctly identified: sectoral Scopes 1- Energy Industries and 13 – Waste Handling and Disposal.

The project involves the improvement of landfill gas collection and flaring, through the installation of an active recovery system. The gas captured will be used to generate energy or will be flared in order to destroy the



methane contained in the landfill gas. The technology of capturing landfill gas and flare it applied by the project activity follows the common technology of its sector.

No public funding is being used for the project activity.

4.3 Eligibility as a Small Scale Project

Not applicable.

4.4 Baseline Selection and Additionality

Starting date of the project activity defined in the PDD version 1 (creation of the company BIOPAR) is not according to the clarified in the EB 41 "the start date shall be considered to be the date on which the project participant has committed to expenditures related to the implementation or related to the construction of the project activity. This, for example, can be the date on which contracts have been signed for equipment or construction/operation services required for the project activity. Minor pre-project expenses, e.g. the contracting of services /payment of fees for feasibility studies or preliminary surveys, should not be considered in the determination of the start date as they do not necessarily indicate the commencement of implementation of the project". CAR 1 was raised.

In PDD version 2, the starting date of the project activity was changed to comply with the clarified in EB 41. The evidence was provided and was found corrected. The starting date corresponds to a signed equipments proposal dated 01/07/2008 (Ref.9). Therefore, CAR 1 was closed out.

The project uses the approved methodology ACM0001 – Consolidated methodology for landfill gas project activities, version 09. The methodology is applicable to the project because the baseline scenario is the release of the gas to the atmosphere and, in the project activity, the gas captured will be flared and/or used to generate electricity. The applicability criteria of the methodology are correctly described in the PDD.

The project boundaries encompass the Ventura landfill and the power generation sources connected to the Brazilian grid.

The baseline scenario for the project corresponds to the scenario 1: the atmospheric release of landfill gas or landfill gas is partially captured and subsequently flared. The electricity is obtained from the grid.

The following alternatives were presented:

-project without being registered as CDM project activity;

-continuation of the landfill operation (BAU);

-destruction of the LFG in flares;

-use of LFG to generate electricity;

-use of LFG in boilers to generate heat.

All alternatives comply with local/national policies.

The project uses the "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" version 5.02. This is the current version. The tool is correctly applied.

For the prior CDM consideration, the Social Contract for BIOPAR Soluções ambientais, dated 17/01/2008, shows that it was created to exploit the landfill gas under the Kyoto Protocol. Also, the contract with SGS was signed on 04/06/2008, before the starting date of the project activity. Moreover, during the validation assessment it was verified that the first local stakeholders' consultation occurred on June/2008.

All steps of the Tool and the ones required by the methodology were followed. The additionality discussion is consistent with potential baseline scenarios.

CAR 2 was raised to address some questions about the investment analysis:

-Data used (production hour) to calculate the energy generate in the project for the years 2015 and 2016 are different from the others years. Provide evidences why it is different.

-The year of the official benchmark used to compare the attractiveness of the project does not correspond to the year of the investment analysis (2008).

-The sensitivity analysis is not according to the guidance presented in the Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality, version 5.2.



To close out CAR 2 the following information and documents verified:

-<u>Ref.11</u>-Business plan: it was corrected and the production hours (7,600 hours) are the same for all the years. The difference was due to a mistake.

-<u>Ref.12</u>- historic data of the national treasure (Tesouro Nacional) used to calculate the Benchmark. Checked that it was used the average of the indicator for the period 01/01/2008 to 30/06/2008, resulting in 13.35%.

-Ref.13- The revised sensitivity analysis was provided and is according to the required by the guidance.

Financial analysis

- Verified that the benchmark used to compare the attractiveness of the project was the treasury bonds. This is a low risk and long term investment indicator from the National Treasury. The NTNF 010117 was used for comparison. This indicator is a treasury Government's bond, with pre-fixed remuneration and not indexed to any financial indicator, risk-free.

-verified that the energy price is based on the PROINFA tariff, R\$/MWh (Ref.10, page 134);

- the exchange rate of R\$2.7/EUR was confirmed through official Banco Central do Brasil website (<u>http://www.bcb.gov.br/?english</u>);

- Energy generation is based on the estimated total hour of production (7600h/year) and the available potency of the generators (Ref.11);

- the net income due to the electricity sale is calculated based on the energy price and electricity generation, starting with R\$ 71.54/MWh;

- verified the estimated operational costs and expenditures for the gas and electricity generation (Ref.11 and 13). The estimated data was provided and represents about thirteen per cent of the total investment;

- verified the estimated investment in the first year considering the gas system and the equipments for the energy generation. The investment related to the energy generation continues until year 2017 because 7 engines will be installed depending on the amount of landfill gas collected. This is the maximum number of engines expected to be installed. The investments are correctly considered in the cash flow (Ref.11 and 13);

According to the data provided confirmed through references and estimated data the Internal Rate of Return of the project activity is 1.7%, which is lower than the Benchmark of 13.35%. The project activity is not financial attractive.

According to the alternatives presented in the PDD, the business as usual situation does not involve any kind of investment.

The situation where only flaring the landfill gas, no return will occur since the investment in a gas collection and flaring system is not a requirement. Only the income from the sale of CERs is expected.

The IRR obtained is positive but much lower than the benchmark (government bond rates).

Verified the sensitivity analysis where the main variables affecting the IRR were analyzed. The analysis considering the variation of +5% to +15%% in the price of the electricity (the only revenue of the project activity), and -5% to -15% in the CAPEX of the gas collection system, electricity generation and in the operational costs of the gas collection and electricity generation. The maximum IRR after sensitivity analysis is 11.9%.

The result of the sensitivity analysis was that even varying -/+15% the IRR is still lower than the Benchmark.

The barrier analysis was presented in PDD version 1. However it was excluded in the PDD version 2. PP decided to use the investment analysis to address additionality.

Common practice analysis is correctly applied and proved that the project activity is not a common practice scenario. In Brazil, controlled landfill gas collection and destruction is not mandated by laws/regulations nor due to local environmental regulations, nor due to GHG emission reduction (the DNA informed that there is no national law which obligates the destruction of methane in landfills- Ref.7). Therefore, the projects are developed under CDM, as it is the only source of revenue.

The final opinion of the financial analysis is that the project activity attends the methodology and "Tool for the demonstration of additionality" requirements and can be considered additional.

4.5 Application of Baseline Methodology and Calculation of Emission Factors

The PDD follows the required by the methodology and tools.



There will be project emission from flaring and from energy consumption. These are calculated according to the required by the tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane and tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption, respectively. Also, in case of energy from grid supply is interrupted, a generator may be used. This will be monitored and discounted as project emission. Leakage is not applicable.

Data used to calculate adjustment factor was checked. The collection efficiency of passive system was checked on the document available in the web site: http://www.mnp.nl/ipcc/Archive/AR4FOD/ExpRevFOD/FODrev/FOD AChapter10.doc (page 8); the efficiency of methane destruction is from the Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01; the number of wells were checked during site visit. The adjustment factor calculated was 3.7% and a conservative value of 5% will be used. (The wells can be seen at the map presented on annex 3).

The grid emission factor will be calculated ex post, using data provided by Brazilian DNA.

CAR 3 was raised to address that the values presented for the parameter DOCj are not according to the required by the Tool to determine methane emissions avoided from disposal of waste at a solid waste disposal site, version 04.

In PDD version 2, this parameter was revised and is in compliance with the tool. Therefore, CAR 3 was closed out.

After closing out CAR 3, parameters listed in section B.6.2 of the PDD that will remain fixed during the crediting period were verified and considered correct.

Data provided for the emission factor is official, made available by Brazilian DNA and data for the parameters GWP_{CH4}, ϕ , OX, F, DOC_f, MCF, DOC_j, (See CAR 3) k_j, are from IPCC and are according to the required by the tools and methodology. The parameters W_j and p_{n, j, x} are from PP. DNA was contacted about the requirements relating to landfill gas projects (Ref.7).

Formulas presented in the PDD are correctly described and applied. The spreadsheet (Ref.14) provided during validation assessment was found corrects.

The methane that would be released to the atmosphere will be destroyed in the project activity.

4.6 Application of Monitoring Methodology and Monitoring Plan

All data related to the project will be kept for 2 years after the end of the crediting period.

CAR 4 was raised to address that data and parameters monitored presented in the PDD version 1 are not according to the required by the methodology. It should include the parameters:

-PE_{flare,y} (Project emissions from flaring of the residual gas stream in year y)

-PE_{ec,y} (project emissions from electricity consumption by the project activity during the year y).

Project emissions due to the consumption of electricity (from the grid and from a captive diesel generator) were included in the PDD version 2 and are according to the required by the methodology and tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption. Also, project emission from flaring of residual steam was included in the revised PDD. Therefore, CAR 4 was closed out.

NIR 5 was raised to address that in the PDD version 1, it was not established for the parameters $t_{O2,h}$ and $fv_{CH4,FG,h}$ that they will be in accordance with the required by the Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01.

Table of the parameters $t_{O2,h}$ and $fv_{CH4,FG,h}$ were amended and are in compliance with requirements of the tool. Therefore, NIR 5 was closed out.

After closing out CAR 4 and NIR5, monitored parameters were verified and considered correct according to the methodologies and tool used.

The information provided describes properly the implementation of the monitoring plan. The calibration will be done according equipments' specification. As the project is not implemented procedures will be available at the verification.

Data will be measured continuously, using calibrated meters, and monitored automatically via a PLC system. The level of uncertainty is low because the whole monitoring of the project will be made electronically via PLC



system and backup will be made to avoid data be lost. Also, data related to the emission factor comes from official source.

The project is not implemented yet. FAR 2 was raised to request the PP to provide before verification: the description of authority and responsibility of project management; the authority and responsibility for registration, monitoring, measurement and reporting data; procedures for training of monitoring personnel.

FAR 1 was raised: as the project is not implemented yet, it is requested to the PP to provide before verification the procedures implemented to guarantee that the project will follow the required by methodology and tools in order to assure data quality, including calibration procedures for equipments. Main data will be recorded automatically and backup will be made. Also, manual records will be made. Meters will be calibrated according equipments specification.

4.7 Choice of the Crediting Period

CAR 1 was raised regarding the starting date of the project activity. After closing out CAR 1, the starting date corresponds to a signed equipments proposal dated 01/07/2008 (Ref.9).

The crediting period to the project activity is 7 years. The period starts on 1st January 2009 or the date of registration, which occurs later. The expected operational lifetime of the project (21 years) is greater than the first crediting period.

4.8 Environmental Impacts

The environmental impacts were analyzed when the environmental agency (CETESB) issued the licenses.

The most recent licenses were checked:

• operation license for the landfill:

LO number 32002608, issued by CETESB on 05/12/2005, valid until 05/12/2010 (Ref.5a)

• operation license for the biogas plant:

LO number 32004609, issued by CETESB on 18/12/2008, valid until 18/12/2013 (Ref.5b)

4.9 Local Stakeholder Comments

The local stakeholder consultation followed the DNA Brazilian requirements (Resolution n° 7, 05 March 2008). The following stakeholders were contacted:

- Municipality of Santana de Parnaíba;

- Legislative Chamber of Santana de Parnaíba;
- CETESB (State Environmental Agency);
- Environmental State Secretariat;
- Brazilian NGO Forum;
- State Public Attorney;
- Federal Public Attorney;
- AVEMARE Associação Vila Esperança de Materiais Recicláveis;

- SIEMACO – Sindicato dos Trabalhadores em Empresas de Prestação de Serviços de Asseio e Conservação e Limpeza Urbana de São Paulo;

- Rotary Clube de Santana de Parnaíba.

Note that Brazilian DNA requires the consultation of the Municipal Environmental Agency. However this entity was not identified by the PP and a written communication has to be sent to DNA.



Also, note that the first letters to the local stakeholders were sent on June/2008 in accordance with Brazilian Resolution number 1. Then, in order to comply with the Brazilian DNA resolution nº 7, new letters were sent on August/2008.

The letters (Ref.8a) and receipts (AR) (Ref.8b) were verified. Letters were sent in Portuguese and also, the PDD was made available in local language.

The NGO Forum stated that a 30-day period for comments is not enough to make a complete analysis of the project and suggest the adoption of Gold Standard sustainability criteria. The PP response was: "As per Resolução nº7, the local stakeholder consultation process is open until the request for registration of the project activity, not being limited to a 30-day length. Concerning the Gold Standard criteria, **Erro! Fonte de referência não encontrada.** answered that the verification process of CERs already takes into account sustainability criteria, as hiring and training of personnel and compliance with the environmental licence. However, **Erro! Fonte de referência não encontrada.** compromises to analyze the possibility of the criteria adoption".

5. Comments by Parties, Stakeholders and NGOs

In accordance with sub-paragraphs 40 (b) and (c) of the CDM modalities and procedures, the project design document of a proposed CDM project activity shall be made publicly available and the DOE shall invite comments on the validation requirements from Parties, stakeholders and UNFCCC accredited non-governmental organizations and make them publicly available. This chapter describes this process for this project.

5.1 Description of How and When the PDD was Made Publicly Available

The Project Design Document for this project was made available on the SGS website http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/Validation/DB/O7LXRYICDY6UWTAIEGYKIZXMEM2SMO/view.html and was open for comments from 20/08/2008 until 18/09/2008. Comments were invited through the UNFCCC CDM homepage

5.2 Compilation of all Comments Received

Comment Number	Date Received	Submitter	Comment
0			

5.3 Explanation of How Comments Have Been Taken into Account

Not applicable.



6. List of Persons Interviewed

Date	Name	Position	Short Description of Subject Discussed
	Cristina A.U.B.S. Oliveira	Engenieer-Multiambiente	Financial issues related to the project,
	Marcelo A. de Mello	Director- Multiambiente	environmental and quality management
	Robson A. Florentino	Technical Department	system; environmental impacts, technical
	Bruno T. A. Caldas	Coordinator- Estre ambiental	issues, plant operation, project implementation, starting date.
16/10/2008	Eduardo Cardoso Filho	Project manager- Arcadis Tetraplan	Validation process, findings, technical issues.
	José Juarez S. Araújo	Director- Tecipar	Financial issues related to the project, environmental licenses; environmental impacts, plant operation, project implementation, starting date

7. Document References

Category 1 Documents (documents provided by the Client that relate directly to the GHG components of the project, (i.e. the CDM Project Design Document, confirmation by the host Party on contribution to sustainable development and written approval of voluntary participation from the designated national authority):

/1/ PDD: Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT.

Version 1, date 13/08/2008.

Version 2.1, date 05/01/2009.

- /1a/ LoA
- /1b/ MoC
- /2/ ACM0001 Consolidated methodology for landfill gas project activities, version 9
- /3a/ Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality, version 05.2
- /3b/ Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01
- /3c/ Tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption, version 01
- /3d/ Tool for calculation of emission factor for electricity systems, version 01
- /3e/ Tool to calculate project or leakage CO2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion, version 02
- /3f/ Tool to determine methane emissions avoided from disposal of waste at a solid waste disposal site, version 04

Category 2 Documents (background documents used to check project assumptions and confirm the validity of information given in the Category 1 documents and in validation interviews):

- /4/ Social contract, 17/01/2008.
- /5a/ Opeartion License, nº 32003900, issued by CETESB on 08/01/2008, valid until 08/01/2013 (landfill)
- /5b/ Installation license nº 32003440, issued by CETESB on 27/08/2008 (biogas plant)



- /6/ List of equipments and pictures
- /7/ DNA letter and response, 10/10/2008.
- /8a/ Letters- local stakeholder consultation
- /8b/ Receipts- local stakeholder consultation (AR)
- /9/ Equipments proposal (evidence of starting date of the project activity), 01/07/2008.
- /10/ Cadernos NAE- Proinfa Tariff
- /11/ Business plan
- /12/ National Treasure NTNF 010117 (from Portuguese Tesouro Nacional)
- /13/ Cash-Flow TECIPAR 2008.11.11
- /14/ CERs Estimatives TECIPAR (v 02) 2008.11.11

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A.1 Annex 1: Local Assessment

This checklist is designed to provide confirmation of in-country data and information provided in the Project Design Document for Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT.

It serves as a "**reality check**" on the project that is completed by a local assessor from SGS Brazil.

Issue	Findings	Source/Means of Verification	Further Action / Clarification / Information Required?
Check the project participants	It was checked the social contract for BIOPAR.	Ref.4	No
Check project implementation chronogram, project planning with list of equipments, gas pipeline, etc. (equipments specification)	The project is not implemented yet. The equipments were bought but were not received. It was provided by the PP a list of equipments and some pictures of the equipments (Ref.6).	Site visit Interview Ref.6	No
Check the collection efficiency 60 %	A conservative value of 60% was used due the operational characteristics of the landfill.	Site visit Interviews	No
Check evidence of the data used to calculate the adjustment factor: Formula 4 of the PDD.	The collection efficiency of passive system was checked on the document available in the web site: <u>http://www.mnp.nl/ipcc/Archive/AR4FOD/ExpRevFOD/FODrev/</u> <u>FOD AChapter10.doc</u> (page 8); the efficiency of methane destruction is from the Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01; the number of wells were checked during site visit.	Site visit	No



UK AR6 CDM Validation Report Issue 4 CDM.VAL1893 "Draft/For checking only/The subject of this document can be modified until final edition".

Issue	Findings	Source/Means of Verification	Further Action / Clarification / Information Required?
Check the environmental	Checked the most recent licenses:	Ref.5a	No
license of the Ventura landfill	operation license for the landfill:	Ref.5b	
	LO number 32002608, issued by CETESB on 05/12/2005, valid until 05/12/2010 (Ref.5a)		
	 operation license for the biogas plant: 		
	LO number 32004609, issued by CETESB on 18/12/2008, valid until 18/12/2013 (Ref.5b)		
Check regulatory requirements regarding information of the host country regulation (AF).	Brazilian DNA was contacted. Answer was sent saying that there is no federal obligation in Brazil that requests methane destruction in Brazilian landfills (Ref.7)	Ref.7	No
Check the stakeholder	Check the letters (Ref.8a) and receipts (Ref.8b). Letters were	Ref.8a	No
consultation (letters and AR)	sent in Portuguese and also, the PDD was made available in local language. The stakeholder consultation followed the Brazilian DNA resolution number 7, 05 March 2008.	Ref.8b	



A.2 Annex 2: Validation Protocol

Table 1 Participation Requirements for Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) Project Activities (Ref PDD, Letters of Approval and UNFCCC website)

	Requirement	Reference	Comments	Conclusion
1.	All Parties (listed in Section A3 of the PDD) have ratified the Kyoto protocol and are allowed to participate in CDM projects	Marrakech Accords, CDM Modalities §30	Brazil is listed as the non-Annex-I Party, has ratified the protocol on 23 rd August 2002 and is allowed to participate	Y
			http://maindb.unfccc.int/public/country.pl?c ountry=BR	
2.	The project shall assist Parties included in Annex I in achieving compliance with part of their emission reduction commitment under Art. 3 and be entered into voluntarily.	Marrakech Accords, CDM Modalities §29 and §30	There is no Annex I Party in this project.	Y
3.	The project shall assist non-Annex I Parties in achieving sustainable development and shall have obtained confirmation by the host country thereof, and be entered into voluntarily	Marrakech Accords, CDM Modalities §29 and §30	There is no letter of approval from DNA Brazil at this phase (just after submission of validation report).	Pending
	be entered into voluntarily	Kyoto Protocol Art. 12.2, Marrakech Accords, CDM Modalities §40a		
4.	Parties, stakeholders and UNFCCC accredited NGOs shall have been invited to comment on the validation requirements for minimum 30 days, and the project	Marrakech Accords, CDM Modalities, §40	PDD publicly available: 20/08/2008- 18/09/2008	Y
	design document and comments have been made publicly available		http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/Validation/D B/O7LXRYICDY6UWTAIEGYKIZXMEM2 SMO/view.html	



	Requirement	Reference	Comments	Conclusion
5.	The project design document shall be in conformance with the UNFCCC CDM-PDD format	Marrakech Accords, CDM Modalities, Appendix B, EB Decisions	It follows the CDM- PDD template version 03.1.	Y
6.	The project participants shall submit a letter on the modalities of communication (MoC) before submitting a request for registration	EB-09 F_CDM_REG form	Letter of MoC is to be provided.	Pending
7.	For AR projects, the host country shall have issued a communication providing a single definition of minimum tree cover, minimum land area value and minimum tree height. Has such a letter been issued and are the definitions consistently applied throughout the PDD?		NA	NA



Table 2 PDD

Checklis	t Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A. General Description of P	roject Activity					
A.1. Project Title						
	ed project title clearly enable to nique CDM activity?	Ref.1	DR	The title "Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT" identifies the unique CDM project activity.	Y	Y
	indication of a revision number of the revision?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. PDD version 2.1, dated 05/01/2009	Y	Y
A.1.3. Is this in con project's hist	sistency with the time line of the or?	Ref.1	DR	Yes.	Y	Y
A.2. Description of the F	Project Activity					
	otion delivering a transparent he project activities?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. The project intends to capture the landfill gas generated at Ventura landfill and uses it to generate electricity and the remaining biogas will be flared.	Y	Y
	tion provided in compliance with on or planning?	Ref.1	DR Site visit	The project is not implemented yet. The equipments were bought but were not received.	Y	Y
	tion provided consistent with led in further chapters of the	Ref.1	DR	The information of the Section A.2 of the PDD is consistent with further chapters.	Y	Y
A.3. Project Participants	;					
	equired for the indication of ipants correctly applied?	Ref.1	DR	The table is correct applied. Brazil is the only Party involved in the project. The project participant is BIOPAR Soluções Ambientais Ltda., a Brazilian private entity.	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A.3.2.	Is all information provided in consistency with details provided by further chapters of the PDD (in particular annex 1)?	Ref.1	DR	The description of section A.3 is consistent with the information described in annex 1 of the PDD.	Y	Y
A.4. Techn	ical Description of the Project Activity					
A.4.1.	Does the information provided on the location of the project activity allow for a clear identification of the site(s)? Are the latitude and longitude of the site	Ref.1	DR Site visit	Yes. The project is located in Santana do Parnaíba, São Paulo state. The geographical coordinates are: Latitude: 23º24'50" South	Y	Y
	dicated (decimal points)			Longitude: 46°57'37" West		
A.4.2.	Do the project participants possess ownership or licenses which will allow the implementation of the project at that site / those sites?	Ref.1 Ref.4	DR	Yes. Verified the social contract of BIOPAR.	Y	Y
A.4.3.	Is the category(ies) of the project activity correctly identified?	Ref.1 UNFC CC web site	DR	 The category is correctly identified: Sectoral Scope 1- Energy Industries Sectoral scope 13 – Waste Handling and Disposal 	Y	Y
A.4.4.	Does the project design engineering reflect current good practices?	Ref.1	DR Site visit	Yes, the project involves the improvement of landfill gas collection and flaring, through the installation of an active recovery system. The gas collected will be used to generate energy and the remaining will be flared.	Y	Y
A.4.5.	Does the description of the technology to be applied provide sufficient and transparent input to evaluate its impact on the greenhouse gas balance and is the explanation how the project will reduce greenhouse gas emission transparent and suitable?	Ref.1	DR Site visit	Yes, the project will capture the biogas that would be release to the atmosphere. The electricity supplied to the grid would be generated by fossil fuel power plants.	Y	Y



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A.4.6. Is all information provided in compliance with actual situation or planning as available by the project participants?	Ref.6	Site visit	The project is not implemented yet. The equipments were bought but were not received at the time of site visit. It was provided by the PP a list of equipments and some pictures of the equipments (Ref.6).	Y	Y
A.4.7. Does the project use state of the art technology or would the technology result in a significantly better performance than any commonly used technologies in the host country?	Ref.1	DR	The technologies applied by the project activity follows the common technology of its sector.	Y	Y
A.4.8. Is the project technology likely to be substituted by other or more efficient technologies within the project period?	Ref.1	DR	The technologies applied in the project are not likely to be substituted.	Y	Y
A.4.9. Does the project require extensive initial training and maintenance efforts in order to work as presumed during the project period?	Ref.1	DR	 The project is not implemented yet. See FAR 2 bellow. FAR 2: As the project is not implemented yet it is requested the PP to provide before verification: the description of authority and responsibility of project management; the authority and responsibility for registration, monitoring, measurement and reporting data; 	See FAR 2	See FAR 2
A.4.10. Does the project make provisions for meeting training and maintenance needs?	Ref.1	DR Site visit	The project is not implemented yet.	Y	Y
A.4.11. Is a schedule available on the implementation of the project and are there any risks for delays?	Ref.1	DR Site visit	See section A.4.6	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
A.4.12.	. Is the table required for the indication of projected emission reductions correctly applied?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the table follows the correct format.	Y	Y
A.5. Public	Funding					
A.5.1.	Does the information on public funding provided conform with the actual situation or planning as presented by the project participants?	Ref.1	DR	No public funding is being used for the project activity.	Y	Y
A.5.2.	Is all information provided consist with details provided by further chapters of the PDD (in particular annex 2)?	Ref.1	DR	No public funding is being used for the project activity.	Y	Y
A.5.3.	In case of public funding from Annex I Parties is it confirmed that such funding does not result in a diversion of official development assistance	Ref.1	DR	There is no Annex I Party participating in the project activity.	Y	Y
	d Monitoring Methodology					
	e and Applicability	1		1	ſ	
B.1.1.	Is the baseline methodology previously approved by the CDM Methodology Panel?	Ref.1 Ref.2a	DR	The project uses the approved methodology ACM0001 – Consolidated methodology for landfill gas project activities, version 09;	Y	Y
				This is the current version.		
B.1.2.	Is the baseline methodology the one deemed most applicable for this project?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. The methodology is applicable to the project because the baseline scenario is the release of the gas to the atmosphere and, in the project activity, the gas captured will be flared and/or used to generate electricity.	Y	Y
B.1.3.	Is the choice of the methodology correctly justified by the PDD and is the project in conformance with all applicability criteria of the applied methodology?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the applicability criteria of the methodology are correctly described in the PDD. See section B.1.2 above.	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.2. Proje	ct Boundary					
B.2.1.	Are all emission sources and gasses related to the baseline scenario, project scenario and leakage clearly identified and described in a complete manner?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the emissions sources described in the PDD are according to the required by methodology. The main emission source in the baseline is the emissions from decomposition of waste at the landfill site (CH4) and in the project activity, is the emission from on site electricity use (CO2) before the construction of the power plant.	Y	Y
B.2.2.	In case of grid connected electricity projects: Is the relevant grid correctly identified in accordance with EB guidance and the underlying methodology?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, it applies the grid defined by Brazilian DNA to calculate project emissions: a unique grid for Brazil.	Y	Y
B.2.3.	Are the project's spatial boundaries (geographical) and the project's system boundaries (components and facilities used to mitigate GHGs) clearly defined?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. The project boundaries encompass the Ventura landfill and the power generation sources connected to the Brazilian grid.	Y	Y
B.3. Identi	fication of the Baseline Scenario					
B.3.1.	Does the PDD discuss the identification of the most likely baseline scenario? Does the PDD follow the steps to determine the baseline scenario required by the methodology and is the application of the methodology and the discussion and determination of the chosen baseline transparent?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3a	DR	Yes, it followed the required by the methodology and additionality tool. The baseline scenario for the project corresponds to the scenario 1: the atmospheric release of landfill gas or landfill gas is partially captured and subsequently flared. The electricity is obtained from the grid.	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.3.2.	Does the application consider all potential realistic and credible baseline scenarios in the discussion taking into account relevant national and/or sectoral policies, macro- economic trends and political aspirations??	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the following alternatives were presented: -project without being registered as CDM project activity; -continuation of the landfill operation (BAU) -destruction of the LFG in flares -use of LFG to generate electricity -use of LFG in boilers to generate heat. All alternatives comply with local/national policies.	Y	Y
B.3.3.	Is the choice of the baseline compatible with the available data?	Ref.1	DR	Yes.	Y	Y
B.3.4.	Is conservativeness addressed in the way of identifying the baseline?	Ref.1 Ref.3a	DR	Yes, it followed the required by the tool.	Y	Y
B.3.5.	Does the selected baseline represent the most likely scenario among other possible and/or discussed scenarios?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the baseline scenario identified is the continuation of the landfill operation (BAU).	Y	Y
B.4. Addit	ionality					
B.4.1.	Does the PDD clearly demonstrate the additionality using the approach as given by the methodology and by following all the required steps?	Ref.1 Ref.3a	DR	See section B.4.2.	Y	Y
B.4.2.	In case of using the additionality tool: Is the 'Additionality Tool' used in the PDD latest version? If an earlier version has been used, do the changes impact the discussion in the PDD? Are all steps followed in a transparent manner?	Ref.1 Ref.3a	DR	The project uses the "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" version 5.02. This is the current version. The tool is correctly applied.	Y	Y



Checklist	Question F	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
evidence provi date of the pro lf the project ha is it discussed	ded consistent with the starting ject	Ref.1 Ref.3a Ref.4	DR	See CAR 1 on section C.1.1, related to the starting date of the project activity. The starting date corresponds to a signed equipments proposal dated 01/07/2008. For the prior CDM consideration, the Social Contract for BIOPAR Soluções ambientais, dated 17/01/2008, shows that it was created to exploit the landfill gas under the Kyoto Protocol. Also, the contract with SGS was signed on 04/06/2008, before the starting date of the project activity. Moreover, during the validation assessment it was verified that the first local stakeholders' consultation occurred on June/2008.	See CAR 1	Y
with the identific credible baselin B.4.5. Do the identific technologies a outputs (e.g) c	ication all potential realistic and ne scenarios	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3a	DR	All steps of the Tool and the ones required by the methodology were followed. The additionality discussion is consistent with potential baseline scenarios.	Y	Y
B.4.6. If an investmer it been shown activity is econ attractive than	nt analysis has been used, has that the proposed project omically or financially less at least one other alternative enue from the sale of CERs?	Ref.1 Ref.3a Ref.10 Ref.11 Ref.12 Ref.13	DR	CAR 2 was raised to address some questions about the investment analysis : -Data used (production hour) to calculate the energy generate in the project for the years 2015 and 2016 are different from the others years. Provide evidences why it is different. -The year of the official benchmark used to compare the attractiveness of the project does not correspond to the year of the investment analysis (2008). -The sensitivity analysis is not according to the guidance presented in the Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality,	CAR 2	Υ



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			 version 5.2. To close out CAR 2 the following information and documents verified: -<u>Ref.11</u>-Business plan: it was corrected and the production hours (7,600 hours) are the same for all the years. The difference was due to a mistake. -<u>Ref.12</u>- historic data of the national treasure (Tesouro Nacional) used to calculate the Benchmark. Checked that it was used the average of the indicator for the period 01/01/2008 to 30/06/2008, resulting in 13.35%. -<u>Ref.13</u>- The revised sensitivity analysis was provided and is according to the required by the guidance. <u>Financial analysis</u> Verified that the benchmark used to compare the attractiveness of the project was the treasury bonds. This is a low risk and long term investment indicator from the National Treasury. The NTNF 010117 was used for comparison. This indicator is a treasury Government's bond, with pre-fixed remuneration and not indexed to 		
			any financial indicator, risk-free. -verified that the energy price is based on the PROINFA tariff, R\$/MWh (Ref.10, page 134); - the exchange rate of R\$2.7/EUR was		
			confirmed through official Banco Central do Brasil website (<u>http://www.bcb.gov.br/?english</u>);		
			- Energy generation is based on the estimated total hour of production (7600h/year) and the available potency of the generators (Ref.11);		
			 the net income due to the electricity sale is calculated based on the energy price and 		



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			electricity generation, starting with R\$ 71.54/MWh;		
			- verified the estimated operational costs and expenditures for the gas and electricity generation (Ref.11 and 13). The estimated data was provided and represents about thirteen per cent of the total investment;		
			- verified the estimated investment in the first year considering the gas system and the equipments for the energy generation. The investment related to the energy generation continues until year 2017 because 7 engines will be installed depending on the amount of landfill gas collected. This is the maximum number of engines expected to be installed. The investment are correctly considered in the cash flow (Ref.11 and 13);		
			According to the data provided confirmed through references and estimated data the Internal Rate of Return of the project activity is 1.7%, which is lower than the Benchmark of 13.35%. The project activity is not financial attractive.		
			According to the alternatives presented in the PDD, the business as usual situation does not involve any kind of investment.		
			The situation where only flaring the landfill gas, no return will occur since the investment in a gas collection and flaring system is not a requirement. Only the income from the sale of CERs is expected.		
			The IRR obtained is positive but much lower than the benchmark (government bond rates).		
			Verified the sensitivity analysis where the main		



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
				variables affecting the IRR were analyzed. The analysis considering the variation of +5% to +15%% in the price of the electricity (the only revenue of the project activity), and -5% to -15% in the CAPEX of the gas collection system, electricity generation and in the operational costs of the gas collection and electricity generation. The maximum IRR after sensitivity analysis is 11.9%. The result of the sensitivity analysis was that even varying -/+15% the IRR is still lower than the Benchmark. The final opinion of the financial analysis is that the project activity attends the methodology and "Tael for the demonstration of additionality."		
				"Tool for the demonstration of additionality" requirements and can be considered additional.		
B.4.7.	If a barrier analysis has been used, has it been shown that the proposed project activity faces barriers that prevent the implementation of this type of proposed project activity but would not have prevented the implementation of at least one of the alternatives?	Ref.1 Ref.3a	DR	The barrier analysis was presented in PDD version 1. However it was excluded in the PDD version 2. PP decided to use the investment analysis to address additionality.	Y	Y
B.4.8.	Has it been shown that the project is not common practice?	Ref.1 Ref.3a Ref.7	DR	Yes, common practice analysis is correctly applied and proved that the project activity is not a common practice scenario. In Brazil, controlled landfill gas collection and destruction is not mandated by laws/regulations nor due to local environmental regulations, nor due to GHG emission reduction (the DNA informed that there is no national law which obligates the destruction of methane in landfills- Ref.7). Therefore, the projects are developed under CDM, as it is the only source of revenue.	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.4.9.	Is it demonstrated/justified that the project activity itself is not a likely baseline scenario	Ref.1 Ref.3a	DR	Yes. The baseline scenario is the continuation of current practice: landfill operation without the implementation of the project activity.	Y	Y
B.5. Applic	ation of the Baseline Methodology					
B.5.1.	Has the approved methodology been applied correctly for determining baseline emissions ?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f	DR	Yes, the PDD follows the required by the methodology and tools.	Y	Y
B.5.2.	Has the approved methodology been applied correctly for determining project emissions ?	Ref.1 Ref.3b Ref.3c	DR	See CAR 4 on section B.10.1. There will be project emission from flaring and from energy consumption. These are calculated according to the required by the tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane and tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption, respectively. Also, in case of energy from grid supply is interrupted, a generator may be used. This will be monitored and discounted as project emission.	See CAR 4	Y
B.5.3.	Has the approved methodology been applied correctly for determining leakage ?	Ref.1	DR	Leakage is not applicable.	Y	Y
B.5.4.	Where applicable, has the approved methodology been applied correctly for the direct calculation of emission reductions	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f	DR	All formulas presented in the PDD follows the required by the methodology and tools. ERy = BEy-PEy	Y	Y



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.5.5. Have all the methodological choices been explained, have they been properly justified and are they correct	Ref.1	DR Site visit	Yes, data used to calculate adjustment factor was checked. The collection efficiency of passive system was checked on the document available in the web site: <u>http://www.mnp.nl/ipcc/Archive/AR4FOD/ExpRev</u> <u>FOD/FODrev/FOD AChapter10.doc</u> (page 8); the efficiency of methane destruction is from the Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01; the number of wells were checked during site visit. The adjustment factor calculated was 3.7% and a conservative value of 5% will be used. (The wells can be seen at the map presented on annex 3). The grid emission factor will be calculated ex post, using data provided by Brazilian DNA.	Y	Y
B.5.6. Are uncertainties in the GHG emissions estimates properly addressed in the documentation?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, conservative value for AF was used. The emissions from flaring and the energy consumed (from the grid or from a diesel generator) in the project activity will be considered in the emission reduction calculation.	Y	Y



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl			
B.6. Ex-ante Data and Parameters Used	B.6. Ex-ante Data and Parameters Used							
B.6.1. Are the data provided in compliance with methodology?	h the Ref.1	DR	CAR 3 was raised to address that the values presented for the parameter DOCj are not according to the required by the Tool to determine methane emissions avoided from disposal of waste at a solid waste disposal site, version 04. In PDD version 2, this parameter was revised and is in compliance with the tool. Therefore, CAR 3 was closed out. After closing out CAR 3, parameters listed in section B.6.2 of the PDD that will remain fixed during the crediting period were verified and considered correct.	CAR 3	Y			
B.6.2. Is all the data derived from official data sources or replicable records and have t been correctly quoted?	these Ref.1 Ref.7	DR	Yes, data provided for the emission factor is official, made available by Brazilian DNA and data for the parameters GWP _{CH4} , ϕ , OX, F, DOC _f , MCF, DOC _j , (See CAR 3) k _j , are from IPCC and are according to the required by the tools and methodology. The parameters W _j and p _{n, j, x} are from PP. DNA was contacted about the requirements relating to landfill gas projects (Ref.7).	Y	Y			
B.6.3. Is the vintage of the baseline data correct	ct? Ref.1	DR	Yes. Official data was used. However the data used to calculate the emission factor of the grid is not available. It is not possible to validate.	Y	Pending			



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.7. Calcul	ation of Emissions Reductions					
B.7.1.	Has the approved methodology been applied correctly for determining emission reductions ?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f	DR	Yes, all formulas are correctly described in the PDD and are accordingly to the required by the methodology ACM0001 and applicable tools. The emission reductions will be calculated as follow:	Y	Y
B.7.2.	Are the emission reduction calculations documented in a complete and transparent manner?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f Ref.14	DR	ERy= BEy- PEy. Yes, formulas presented in the PDD are correctly described and applied. The spreadsheet (Ref.14) provided during validation assessment was found corrects.	Y	Y
B.7.3.	Have conservative assumptions been used to calculate emission reductions?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f Ref.14	DR Site visit	Yes, data are from official sources and an adjustment factor was calculated in a conservative manner. The collection efficiency of passive system was checked on the document available in the web site: <u>http://www.mnp.nl/ipcc/Archive/AR4FOD/ExpRev</u> <u>FOD/FODrev/FOD_AChapter10.doc</u> (page 8); the efficiency of methane destruction is from the Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01; the number of wells were checked during site visit. Moreover a conservative value of 60% of efficiency collection was used due the operational characteristics of the landfill	Y	Y
B.7.4.	Is the projection based on provable input parameter?	Ref.1 Ref.14	DR Site visit	Yes, data from project participants were used.	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.7.5.	Is the projection based on same procedures as used for later monitoring or acceptable alternative models?	Ref.1	DR	The same procedures used to estimate the emission reduction will be used in the monitoring. (See FAR 1 related to the monitoring procedures).	Y	See FAR 1
B.7.6.	Is the calculation of the emission reduction correct?	Ref.1 Ref.14	DR	Yes, the spreadsheet and PDD were found corrected.	Y	Y
B.8. Emiss	ion Reductions					
B.8.1.	Will the project result in fewer GHG emissions than the baseline scenario?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the methane that would be released to the atmosphere will be destroyed in the project activity.	Y	Y
B.8.2.	Is the form/table required for the indication of projected emission reductions correctly applied?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, the table follows the correct format.	Y	Y
B.8.3.	Is the projection in line with the envisioned time schedule for the project's implementation and the indicated crediting period?	Ref. 1	Site visit	Yes, at the time of site visit, the PP had bought equipments, but they had not arrived.	Y	Y
B.9. Monite	oring Methodology					
B.9.1.	Does the monitoring methodology provide a consistent approach in the context of all parameter to be monitored and further information provided by the PDD? Are all parameters and data that is available at validation consistent with the approved methodology	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f	DR	After closing out CAR 3, CAR 4, and NIR 5, parameters that are available at validation and monitored parameters are according to the required by the methodology and tools. Also see FAR 1 related to the monitoring plan.	See CAR 3, CAR 4, NIR 5	See FAR 1



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.9.2. Does the monitoring methodology apply consistently the choice of the option selected for monitoring both of project and baseline emissions?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b -3f	DR	Yes, the methodology is correctly applied.	Y	Y
B.10. Data and Parameters Monitored		L			
B.10.1. Does the monitoring plan provide for the collection and archiving of all relevant data necessary for estimation or measuring the emission reductions within the project boundary during the crediting period?	Ref.1 Ref.2 Ref.3b Ref.3c Ref.3d Ref.3e Ref.3f	DR	All data related to the project will be kept for 2 years after the end of the crediting period. CAR 4 was raised to address that data and parameters monitored presented in the PDD version 1 are not according to the required by the methodology. It should include the parameters: -PE _{flare,y} (Project emissions from flaring of the residual gas stream in year y) -PE _{ec,y} (project emissions from electricity consumption by the project activity during the year y). Project emissions due to the consumption of electricity (from the grid and from a captive diesel generator) were included in the PDD version 2 and are according to the required by the methodology and tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption. Also, project emission from flaring of residual steam was included in the revised PDD. Therefore, CAR 4 was closed out.	CAR 4	Y



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
			determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01. Table of the parameters $t_{O2,h}$ and $fv_{CH4,FG,h}$ were amended and are in compliance with requirements of the tool. Therefore, NIR 5 was closed out. After closing out CAR 4 and NIR5, monitored parameters were verified and considered correct according to the methodologies and tool used.		
B.10.2. Are the choices of project GHG indicators reasonable and in conformance with the requirements set by the approved methodology applied?	Ref.1 Ref.2	DR	Yes, after closing out CAR 4 and NIR 5, data are according to the required by the methodology.	Y	Y
B.10.3. Will it be possible to determine the specified project GHG indicators?	Ref.1 Ref.2	DR	Yes, parameters are according to the required by the methodology.	Y	Y
B.10.4. Is the information given for each monitoring variable by the presented table sufficient to ensure the verification of a proper implementation of the monitoring plan?	Ref.1 Ref.2	DR	Yes. The information provided describes properly the implementation of the monitoring plan. The calibration will be done according equipments' specification. As the project is not implemented procedures will be available at the verification (See FAR 1)	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.10.5. Is the information given for each monitoring variable by the presented table sufficient to ensure the delivery of high quality data free of potential for biases or intended or unintended changes in data records?	Ref.1 Ref.2	DR	Yes, see section B.10.4 above.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.10.6. Is the monitoring approach in line with current good practice, i.e. will it deliver data in a reliable and reasonably acceptable accuracy?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, data will be measured continuously, using calibrated meters, and monitored automatically via a PLC system.	Y	Y
B.10.7. Are all formulae used to determine project emission clearly indicated and in compliance with the monitoring methodology.	Ref.1	DR	See CAR 4 and its closure above.	See CAR 4	Y



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.11. Quality Control (QC) and Quality Assurance (QA) Proc	edures			
B.11.1. Is the selection of data undergoing quality control and quality assurance procedures complete?	Ref.1	DR	The level of uncertainty is low because the whole monitoring of the project will be made electronically via PLC system and backup will be made to avoid data be lost.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
			Also, data related to the emission factor comes from official source. See FAR 1 regarding the projects' procedures.		
B.11.2. Is the belonging determination of uncertainty levels done correctly for each ID in a correct and reliable manner?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, it follows the required by the methodology and applicable tools (See NIR 5 and its closure).	See NIR 5	Y
B.11.3. Are quality control procedures and quality assurance procedures sufficiently described to ensure the delivery of high quality data?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, see section B.11.1	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.11.4. Is it ensured that data will be bound to national or internal reference standards?	Ref.1	DR	Not all parameters will be bound to national standards.	Y	Y
			Parameters are following the methodologies and applicable tools.		
B.11.5. Is it ensured that data provisions will be free of potential conflicts of interests resulting in a tendency of overestimating emission reductions?	Ref.1	DR	Yes, see section B.11.1. In order to assure conservatism, the standard errors of each equipment will be subtracted from the readings.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.12. Operational and Management Structure					
B.12.1. Is the authority and responsibility of project management clearly described?	B.7.2	DR	 The project is not implemented yet. FAR 2 was open to request the PP to provide before verification: the description of authority and responsibility of project management; the authority and responsibility for registration, monitoring, measurement 	FAR 2	FAR 2
			 procedures for training of monitoring personnel 		
B.12.2. Is the authority and responsibility for registration, monitoring, measurement and reporting clearly described?	B.7.2	DR	See section B.12.1 above	See FAR 2	See FAR 2
B.12.3. Are procedures identified for training of monitoring personnel?	B.7.2	DR	See section B.12.1 above	See FAR 2	See FAR 2
B.13. Monitoring Plan (Annex 4)					
B.13.1. Is the monitoring plan developed in a project specific manner clearly addressing the unique features of the CDM activity?	Ref.1	DR	As the project is not implemented yet, it is requested to the PP to provide before verification the procedures implemented to guarantee that the project will follow the required by methodology and tools in order to assure data quality, including calibration procedures for equipments.	FAR 1	Y
B.13.2. Does the monitoring plan completely describes all measures to be implemented for monitoring all parameter required, including measures to be implemented for ensuring data quality?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. Main data will be recorded automatically and backup will be made. Also, manual records will be made. Meters will be calibrated according equipments specification. Regarding the procedures, see FAR 1 above.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
B.13.3	. Does the monitoring plan provide information on monitoring equipment and respective positioning in order to safeguard a proper installation?	Ref.1	DR	See FAR 1 above.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.13.4	Are procedures identified for calibration of monitoring equipment?	Ref.1	DR	See FAR 1 above.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.13.5	. Are procedures identified for maintenance of monitoring equipment and installations?	Ref.1	DR	See FAR 1 above.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.13.6	. Are procedures identified for day-to-day records handling (including what records to keep, storage area of records and how to process performance documentation)	Ref.1	DR	Yes, data will be recorded automatically via PLC system (computer system) and also, manual records will be made.	Y	Y
B.13.7	B.13.7. Are procedures identified for dealing with possible monitoring data adjustments and missing data allowing redundant reconstruction of data in case of monitoring problems??			Y	Y	
B.13.8.	Are procedures identified for internal audits of GHG project compliance with operational requirements where applicable?	Ref.1	DR	The project is not implemented, see FAR 1.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.13.9.	Are procedures identified for project performance reviews before data is submitted for verification, internally or externally?	Ref.1	DR	The project is not implemented, see FAR 1.	See FAR 1	See FAR 1
B.14.	Baseline Details					
B.14.1.	Is there any indication of a date when determine the baseline?	C.1.1	DR	Yes, 13/08/2008 and finished on 05/01/2009 (PDD version 2.1).	Y	Y
B.14.2.	Is this in consistency with the time line of the PDD history?	C.1.1	DR	Yes.	Y	Y
B.14.3. Is all data required provided in a complete manner by annex 3 of the PDD?			DR	Yes. Annex 3 provides information about the Brazilian grid.	Y	Y



Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
C. Duration of the Project / Crediting Period	·				
C.1.1. Are the project's starting date and operational lifetime clearly defined and reasonable?	C.1.1 Ref.9	DR	Starting date of the project activity defined in the PDD version 1 (creation of the company BIOPAR) is not according to the clarified in the EB 41 "the start date shall be considered to be the date on which the project participant has committed to expenditures related to the implementation or related to the construction of the project activity. This, for example, can be the date on which contracts have been signed for equipment or construction/operation services required for the project activity. Minor pre-project expenses, e.g. the contracting of services /payment of fees for feasibility studies or preliminary surveys, should not be considered in the determination of the start date as they do not necessarily indicate the commencement of implementation of the project". CAR 1 was raised. In PDD version 2, the starting date of the project activity was changed to comply with the clarified in EB 41. The evidence was provided and was found corrected. The starting date corresponds to a signed equipments proposal dated 01/07/2008. Therefore, CAR 1 was closed out.	CAR-1	Y
C.1.2. Is the assumed crediting time clearly defined and reasonable (renewable crediting period of max 7 years with potential for 2 renewals or fixed crediting period of max. 10 years)?	C.2.1	DR	Renewable crediting period (7 years).	Y	Y
C.1.3. Does the project's operational lifetime exceed the crediting period	C.1.2	DR	Yes, the operational life time exceeds the crediting period.	Y	Y



	Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
D.	Environmental Impacts	·				
	D.1.1. Does the project comply with environmental legislation in the host country?	Ref. Ref.5a	DR	The environmental impacts were analyzed when the environmental agency (CETESB) issued the licenses.	Y	Y
		Ref.5b		The applicable licenses were checked:		
				operation license for the landfill:		
				LO number 32002608, issued by CETESB on 05/12/2005, valid until 05/12/2010 (Ref.5a)		
				• operation license for the biogas plant:		
				LO number 32004609, issued by CETESB on 18/12/2008, valid until 18/12/2013 (Ref.5b)		
	D.1.2. Has an analysis of the environmental impacts	Ref.	DR	See section D.1.1 above	Y	Y
	of the project activity been sufficiently described?	Ref.5a				
		Ref.5b				
	D.1.3. Are there any Host Party requirements for an	Ref.	DR	See section D.1.1 above	Y	Y
	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), and if yes, is an EIA approved?	Ref.5a				
		Ref.5b				
	D.1.4. Will the project create any adverse	Ref.	DR	See section D.1.1 above	Y	Y
	environmental effects?	Ref.5a				
		Ref.5b				
	D.1.5. Are transboundary environmental impacts	Ref.	DR	See section D.1.1 above	Y	Y
	considered in the analysis?	Ref.5a				
		Ref.5b				
	D.1.6. Have identified environmental impacts been	Ref.	DR	See section D.1.1 above	Y	Y
	addressed in the project design?	Ref.5a				
		Ref.5b				



		Checklist Question	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
E.	Stakeholde	r Comments	•				
<u> </u>	E.1.1.	Have relevant stakeholders been consulted?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. The following stakeholders were contacted:	Y	Y
			Ref.8a		- Municipality of Santana de Parnaíba		
			Ref.8b		- Legislative Chamber of Santana de Parnaíba		
					-CETESB (State Environmental Agency)		
					- Environmental State Secretariat		
					- Brazilian NGO Forum		
					- State Public Attorney		
					-Federal Public Attorney		
					- AVEMARE – Associação Vila Esperança de Materiais Recicláveis		
					-SIEMACO – Sindicato dos Trabalhadores em Empresas de Prestação de Serviços de Asseio e Conservação e Limpeza Urbana de São Paulo		
					-Rotary Clube de Santana de Parnaíba		
					Note that Brazilian DNA requires the consultation of the Municipal Environmental Agency. However this was not identified by the PP.		
					Also, it was seen that the first letter to the local stakeholders were sent on June/2008 in accordance with Brazilian Resolution number 1. Then, in order to comply with the Brazilian DNA resolution n° 7, new letters were sent on August/2008.		
	E.1.2.		Ref.1	DR	Checked the letters (Ref.8a) and receipts	Y	Y
		comments by local stakeholders?	Ref.8a		(Ref.8b). Letters were sent in Portuguese and also, the PDD was made available in local		
			Ref.8b		language.		



Checklist Q	uestion	Ref. ID	MoV*	Comments	Draft Concl	Final Concl
required by regu country, has the	consultation process is lations/laws in the host stakeholder consultation arried out in accordance with s/laws?	Ref.1	DR	The stakeholder consultation followed the Brazilian DNA resolution number 7, 05 March 2008.	Y	Y
	n stakeholder process omplete and transparent	Ref.1	DR	Yes.	Y	Y
E.1.5. Is a summary of received provide	the stakeholder comments	Ref.1	DR	Yes. The NGO Forum stated that a 30-day period for comments is not enough to make a complete analysis of the project and suggest the adoption of Gold Standard sustainability criteria.	Y	Y
	t been taken of any ments received?	Ref.1	DR	Yes. The PP response was: "As per Resolução nº7, the local stakeholder consultation process is open until the request for registration of the project activity, not being limited to a 30-day length. Concerning the Gold Standard criteria, Erro! Fonte de referência não encontrada. answered that the verification process of CERs already takes into account sustainability criteria, as hiring and training of personnel and compliance with the environmental licence. However, Erro! Fonte de referência não encontrada. compromises to analyze the possibility of the criteria adoption".	Y	Y



References

Reference ID	Title / Description	Comments
1	PDD: Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR – PROGAT.	PDD: Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR -
	Version 1, date 13/08/2008.	PROGAT.
	Version 2.1, date 05/01/2009.	Version 1, date 13/08/2008.
		Version 2.1, date 05/01/2009.
2	ACM0001 – Consolidated methodology for landfill gas project activities, version 9	ACM0001 – Consolidated methodology for landfill gas project activities, version 9
3a	Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality, version 05.2	Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality, version 05.2
3b	Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01	Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane, version 01
3c	Tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption, version 01	Tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption, version 01
3d	Tool for calculation of emission factor for electricity systems, version 01	Tool for calculation of emission factor for electricity systems, version 01
Зе	Tool to calculate project or leakage CO2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion, version 02	Tool to calculate project or leakage CO2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion, version 02
3f	Tool to determine methane emissions avoided from disposal of waste at a solid waste disposal site, version 04	Tool to determine methane emissions avoided from disposal of waste at a solid waste disposal site, version 04
4	Social contract, 17/01/2008.	Evidence of CDM consideration
5a	Opeartion License, nº 32003900, issued by CETESB on 08/01/2008, valid until 08/01/2013 (landfill)	Opeartion License, nº 32003900
5b	Installation license nº 32003440, issued by CETESB on 27/08/2008 (biogas plant)	Installation license nº 32003440
6	List of equipments and pictures	List of equipments and pictures
7	DNA letter and response, 10/10/2008.	DNA letter and response, 10/10/2008.



8a	Letters- local stakeholder consultation	Letters- local stakeholder consultation
8b	Receipts- local stakeholder consultation (AR)	Receipts- local stakeholder consultation (AR)
9	Equipments proposal (evidence of starting date of the project activity), 01/07/2008.	Equipments proposal (evidence of starting date of the project activity)
10	Cadernos NAE- Proinfa Tariff	Used to calculate the projects' IRR
11	Business plan	Estimation of the electricity generation
12	National Treasure NTNF 010117 (from Portuguese Tesouro Nacional)	Benchmark reference
13	Cash-Flow TECIPAR 2008.11.11	Cash flow and sensitivity analysis
14	CERs Estimatives - TECIPAR (v 02) 2008.11.11	CERs calculation



A.3 Annex 3: Overview of Findings

Findings Overview

Findings from validation of Projeto de Gás de Aterro TECIPAR - PROGAT. Each Table below represents a finding from the validation assessment. The findings are numbered

consecutively, approximately in the order that they have been identified.

Description of Table:

T١

Туре	Findings are either New Information Requests (NIR) or Corrective Action Requests (CAR).
	CARs are items that must be addressed before a project can receive a recommendation
	for registration. NIRs may lead to the raising of CARs. Observations are included at the
	end and may or may not be addressed. They are primarily to act as signposts for the
	verifying DOE.
leeua	Details the content of the finding

Issue Details the content of the finding

Ref Refers to the item number in the Validation Protocol

Please insert response to finding, starting with the date of entry. Response

Rows for comments and further response will be appended to the table until the Findings has been addressed to the satisfaction of the Lead Assessor.

Please Note: This is an open list and more findings may be added as validation progresses.

Date:	Date: 20/10/2008 Raised by: Thaís Carvalho/ Fabian Gonçalves										
No.:	1	Type:	CAR	Issue:	Starting	g date			Ref.:	C.1.1	
Lead A	Lead Assessor Comment: Date: 20/10/2008										
	Starting date of the project activity defined in the PDD version 1 (creation of the company BIOPAR) is not										
accord	ing to the	e clarifie	ed in the E	EB 41 "th	e start d	late sh	all be considere	d to be tl	he date	on whic	ch the project
							e implementation				
							hich contracts h				
							activity. Minor pl				
							tudies or prelimi				
				of the sta	art date a	as the	y do not necessa	arily indic	cate the	comme	encement of
	nentation										
	Particip						Date: 18/11/200	-			
							shareholders of				
							ited as an evider				f the project
			0			r to ac	complish with th		quireme	ents.	
			out by Le	ad Asse	ssor:		Date:25/11/2008				,
	ation Pro										ference:
			ence of s	tarting da	ate.			Ref.1, F	vDD ve	rsion 2	
	Information Verified: Ref.9										
	Starting date of the project activity and its evidence.										
	Reasoning for not acceptance or acceptance and close out:										
	The starting date of the project activity was changed in the PDD to comply with the clarified in EB 41. The evidence was provided and was found correct. Therefore, CAR 1 was closed out.										
evident	ue was p	novided	i anu was			ieiei0	ie, oan i was c	ioseu ou	i.		

Date:	: 20/10/2008			Rais	Raised by: Thaís Carvalho/ Fabian Go			alves	
No.:	2 Type: CAR Issue: Inves		Investr	nent analysis		Ref.:	B.4.6		
Lead	Lead Assessor Comment:					Date: 20/10/200	8		

For the investment analysis some questions need to be clarified: -Data used (production hour) to calculate the energy generate in the project for the years 2015 and 2016 are different from the others years. Provide evidences why it is different. -The year of the official benchmark used to compare the attractiveness of the project does not correspond to the year of the investment analysis (2008). -The sensitivity analysis is not according to the guidance presented in the Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality, version 5.2. Project Participant Response: Date: 18/11/2008 - A mistake was made in the business plan and the operating hours of ALL YEARS were updated to 7,600 hours. - the Benchmark used to compare attractiveness of the project was changed to the average of the indicator, from 01/01/2008 to 30/06/2008, resulting in 13.35% - the sensitivity analysis was reviewed considering variations of 5%, 10% and 15% in the main variables which affect the project's IRR (CAPEX Gas, OPEX Gas, CAPEX Electricity, OPEX Electricity, Electricity Sale Price). Acceptance and Close out by Lead Assessor: Date: 07/01/2008 Information Provided: Verified Document Reference: Revised Business plan, historic data of national treasure, revised Ref.11 sensitivity analysis. Ref.12 Information Verified: Ref.13 Revised information and reference documents were checked. Reasoning for not acceptance or acceptance and close out: To close out CAR 2 the following information and documents verified: -Ref.11-Business plan; it was corrected and the production hours (7.600 hours) are the same for all the years. The difference was due to a mistake. -Ref.12- historic data of the national treasure (Tesouro Nacional) used to calculate the Benchmark. Checked that it was used the average of the indicator for the period 01/01/2008 to 30/06/2008, resulting in 13.35%. -Ref.13- The revised sensitivity analysis was provided and is according to the required by the guidance. Raised by: Thais Carvalho/ Fabian Goncalves Date: 20/10/2008 No.: 3 Type: CAR Issue: Data and parameters that are Ref.: B.6.1 available at validation Lead Assessor Comment: Date: 20/10/2008 The values presented for the parameter DOCj are not according to the required by the Tool to determine methane emissions avoided from disposal of waste at a solid waste disposal site, version 04. Project Participant Response: Date: 18/11/2008 Values of DOC, were corrected in table from item B.6.2, in order to correspond to the values presented in the Tool. Acceptance and Close out by Lead Assessor: Date: 25/11/2008 Information Provided: Verified Document Reference: **Revised PDD** Ref.1, PDD version 2 Information Verified: Parameter DOCj Reasoning for not acceptance or acceptance and close out:

The parameters DOCj was revised in PDD version 2 and is in compliance with the tool. Therefore, CAR 3 was closed out.

Date:	20/10/2008	Raised by:	by: Thaís Carvalho/ Fabian Gonçalves			
No.:	4 Type: CAR	Issue: Data a	and parameters monitored	Ref.:	B.10.1	
Lead A	ssessor Comment:		Date: 20/10/2008			
Data and parameters monitored presented in the PDD version 1 are not according to the required by the methodology. It should include the parameters:						
-PE _{flare} ,	-PE _{flare,y} (Project emissions from flaring of the residual gas stream in year y)					

-PE_{ec,y} (project emissions from electricity consumption by the project activity during the year y)



	e: 18/11/2008					
$PE_{flare, y}$ and $PE_{ec, y}$ was included in the PDD – item B.7.1.						
Additionally, the formulae used to calculate the Project Emissions due to the consumption of electricity from						
the grid and from the captive diesel generator were include						
Acceptance and Close out by Lead Assessor: Dat	e: 25/11/2008					
Information Provided:	Verified Document Reference:					
Revised PDD	Ref.1, PDD version 2					
Information Verified:						
Project emissions of the project activity.						
Reasoning for not acceptance or acceptance and close out						
Project emissions due to the consumption of electricity (from						
were included in the PDD version 2 and are according to th						
calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from e	electricity consumption. Also, project emission					
from flaring of residual steam was included in the revised P	DD. Therefore, CAR 4 was closed out.					
	rvalho/ Fabian Gonçalves					
No.: 5 Type: NIR Issue: Data and parame	ters monitored Ref.: B.10.1 e: 20/10/2008					
In PDD version 1, it was not established for the parameters with the required by the Tool to determine project emission:						
	s norm haring gases containing methane, version					
	e: 18/11/2008					
The lines "Description of measurement methods and proce						
include the position of the sampling point.	dures to be applied. Were reviewed, in order to					
	e: 25/11/2008					
Information Provided:	Verified Document Reference:					
Revised PDD	Ref.1, PDD version 2					
Information Verified:						
The parameters $t_{O2,h}$ and $fv_{CH4,FG,h}$						
Reasoning for not acceptance or acceptance and close out						
Table of the parameters t _{02,h} and fv _{CH4,FG,h} were amended and are in compliance with requirements of the						
tool. Therefore, NIR 5 was closed out.						

Date:	20/10/2	2008		Rais	sed by:	Thaís Carvalho/ Fat	bian Gonc	alves	
No.:	1	Type:	FAR		sue: Monitoring plan		Ref.:	B.13.1	
Lead A	Assessor Comment: Date: 20/10/2008								
As the	he project is not implemented yet, it is requested to the PP to provide before verification the procedures						ation the procedures		
	implemented to guarantee that the project will follow the required by methodology and tools in order to								
			0	oration	procedu	res for equipments.			
Projec	t Particip	oant Res	sponse:			Date: 18/11/20	08		
	For the variables								
1. LFC	1. LFG _{Tota, y}								
	2. LFG _{Flare, y}								
3. LFC	3. LFG _{Electricity, y}								
4. w _{сн}	4. w _{CH4}								
9. t _{02, I}	9. t _{O2, h} and								
10. fv _{CH4, FG, h}									
	It was included in the line "QA/QC procedures to be applied:" that the calibration will be undertaken								
accord	according with the manufacturer's recommendations.								
Date:	20/10/2	2008		Rais	sed by:	Thaís Carvalho/ Fat	bian Gonç	alves	

Date:	20/10/2	2008		Rais	sed by:	Thaís Carvalho/ Fabian Gong	alves	
No.:	2	Type:	FAR	Issue:	Operational and management		Ref.:	A.4.9
					structu	re		
Lead A	Assesso	r Comm	ent:			Date: 20/10/2008		



As the project is not implemented yet it is requested the PP to provide before verification:

- the description of authority and responsibility of project management;
- the authority and responsibility for registration, monitoring, measurement and reporting data;
- procedures for training of monitoring personnel

Project Participant Response: Date: 18/11/2008

All management and monitoring responsibilities, monitoring training and will be available at the first verification.



A.4 Annex 4: Team Members Statements of Competency

 \boxtimes

Statement of Competence

Name: Fabian Goncalves

SGS Affiliate: SGS Brazil

Status

- Product Co-ordinator
- Operations Co-ordinator
- Technical Reviewer
- Expert
- Lapen
 - Validation

Verification

- Local Assessor
 Lead Assessor
 Assessor
 M
 - / Trainee Lead Assessor

Scopes of Expertise

1. Energy Industries (renewable / non-renewable) Image: Second strict in the image: Second stric	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.
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Approved Member of Staff by: Siddharth Yadav

Date: 18/10/2007